## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (Original) A compound corresponding to formula (I)

$$R^1$$
  $X$   $C$   $R^2$   $R^5$ 

in which

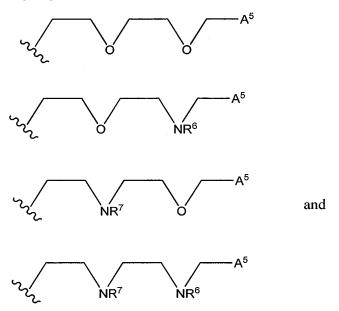
- R<sup>1</sup> is a functional group capable of reacting with the functions present on proteins, antibodies or on mineral or organic materials;
- X represents a single bond or a hydrocarbon-based chain consisting of at least one group chosen from alkylene groups and alkenylene groups optionally comprising at least one hetero atom, and from arylene groups;
- R<sup>2</sup> is a group A<sup>2</sup> that is anionic at neutral pH or an alkylene or alkenylene group containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms and bearing at least one such group A<sup>2</sup>, said alkylene or alkenylene group optionally comprising at least one hetero atom in the chain;
- R<sup>3</sup> represents H or an alkylene or alkenylene group containing from 1 to 5 carbon atoms and optionally containing at least one hetero atom in the chain, said group optionally bearing at least one group A<sup>3</sup> that is anionic at neutral pH;
- $R^4$  is chosen from the groups corresponding to the formula  $-(C)_n$ -C- $Z^1$ -C-C- $Z^2$ -C- $A^4$  in which n is equal to 1 or 2,  $Z^1$  and  $Z^2$  represent, independently of each other, a hetero atom chosen from O and N, at least one being a nitrogen atom forming part of an aromatic heterocycle with the two carbon atoms surrounding it, and  $A^4$  is a group that is anionic at neutral pH, in which the atom bearing the anionic charge is in the  $\gamma$  position relative to  $Z^2$ ;
- R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from the groups defined for R<sup>4</sup> or from groups corresponding to the formula -C-C-E<sup>1</sup>-C-C-E<sup>2</sup>-C-A<sup>5</sup> in which E<sup>1</sup> and E<sup>2</sup> represent, independently of each other,

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a hetero atom chosen from O and N, and  $A^5$  is a group that is anionic at neutral pH, in which the atom bearing the anionic charge is in the  $\gamma$  position relative to  $E^2$ .

- 2. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substituent R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of amino, thio, cyano, isocyano, acridinyl, hydrazino, haloacetate, anhydride, triazo, carbonyl, nitrobenzoyl, sulfonyl, thionyl, halide, epoxide, aldehyde, imidazole, hydroxyphenyl, mercapto, N-succinimidyl ester, N-sulfosuccinimidyl ester, maleimido, hydroxyl, carboxyl, thiocyano, and isothiocyano groups.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substituent  $R^2$  is a group  $A^2$  that is anionic at neutral pH.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substituent  $R^3$  is H or a  $C_1$  to  $C_3$  alkyl.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the groups  $Z^1$  and  $Z^2$  of  $R^4$  form part of an aromatic heterocyclic group.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein n is equal to 1.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein one of the segments  $-C-Z^1-C$  or  $-C-Z^2-C$  forms part of a heterocyclic group chosen from pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl and isoquinolyl groups.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the segment -C-Z¹-C-C-Z²-C- is selected from the group consisting of 2,2'-bipyridinyl, 1,10-phenanthrolinyl, 2,2'-bisquinolyl, 2,2'-bisisoquinolyl and 2,2'-bipyrimidinyl groups, said groups optionally possibly bearing alkyl or alkoxy substituents on at least one carbon atom of a heterocycle.

9. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $R^5$  is selected from the group consisting of:



in which  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  represent alkyl chains containing from 1 to 5 carbon atoms and optionally containing one or more hetero atoms.

- 10. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are identical.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the groups  $A^2$ ,  $A^3$ ,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  that are anionic at neutral pH are chosen, independently of each other, from -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -P(O)(OR)OH, -P(O)R(OH) and -P(O)(OH)<sub>2</sub> groups in which R is an alkyl group or an aryl group.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the compound is in cationic form, the nitrogen bearing the substituents  $R^4$  and  $R^5$ , and optionally also possibly the hetero atoms  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$ ,  $E^1$  and  $E^2$ , being in protonated form.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the compound is in anionic form, the various groups A<sup>i</sup> being in the form of salts.

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- 14. (Currently Amended) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the compound is in zwitterionic form, the nitrogen bearing the substituents  $R^4$  and  $R^5$ , and optionally also possibly the hetero atoms  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$ ,  $E^1$  and  $E^2$ , being in protonated form, and the various groups  $A^i$  being in the form of salts.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein X is an arylene group comprising one or more fused or unfused aromatic nuclei, said nucleus (nuclei) optionally bearing one or more aliphatic hydrocarbon-based groups.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the group X is an alkylene or alkenylene group containing from 1 to 10 carbon atoms.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein the group X is an arylene group containing from 5 to 10 carbon atoms.
  - 18. 32. (Cancelled)